

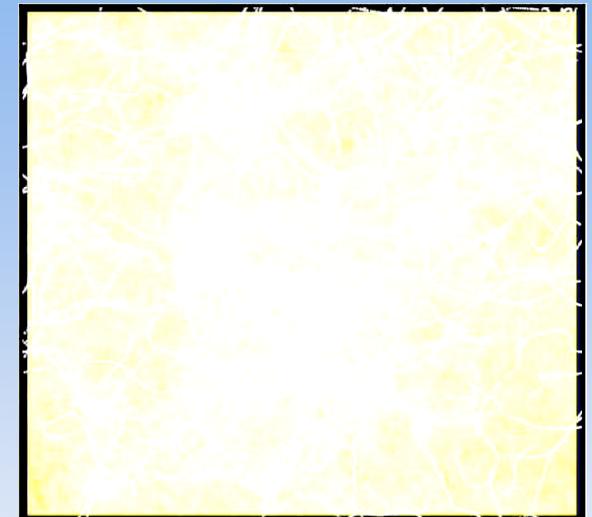
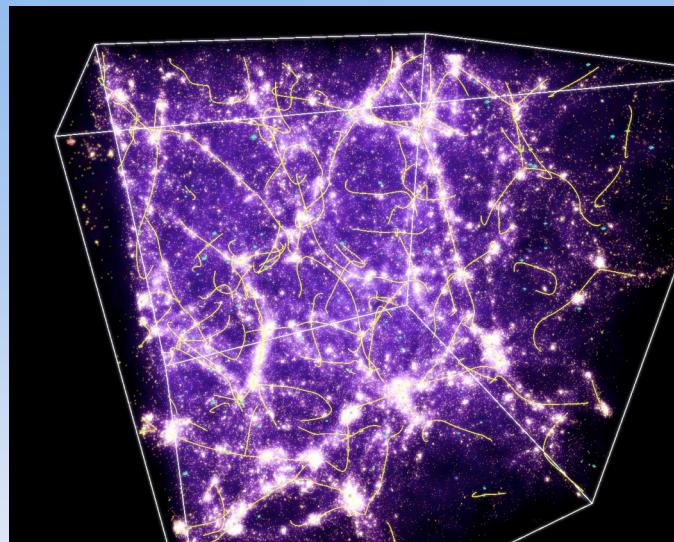
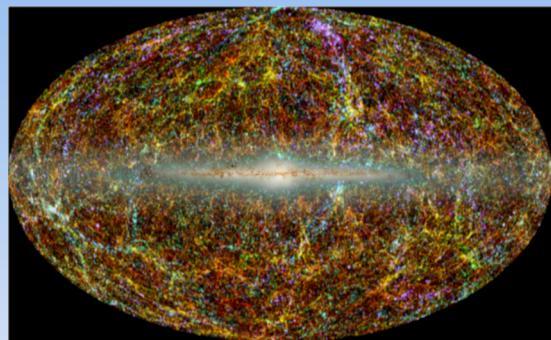
**Helene COURTOIS**  
**Assoc. Prof. University of Lyon, France**

## **Cosmic Flows in the Local Universe**

COSFLOS Collaboration :

Tully, Fisher, Rizzi, Karachentsev, Kraan-Korteweg, Koribalski, Bonhomme, Forero, Sousbie, Makarov, Gottloeber, et al.

*Cosmic Flows : measuring galaxies rotational velocities --> to measure distances  
--> to draw large scale motions --> to recover the field mass --> to recover the  
dark matter and dark energy densities in the local universe.*



When one knows about the 3D skeleton, one doesn't know everything .... 4D obs needed



DM exotic particles ?



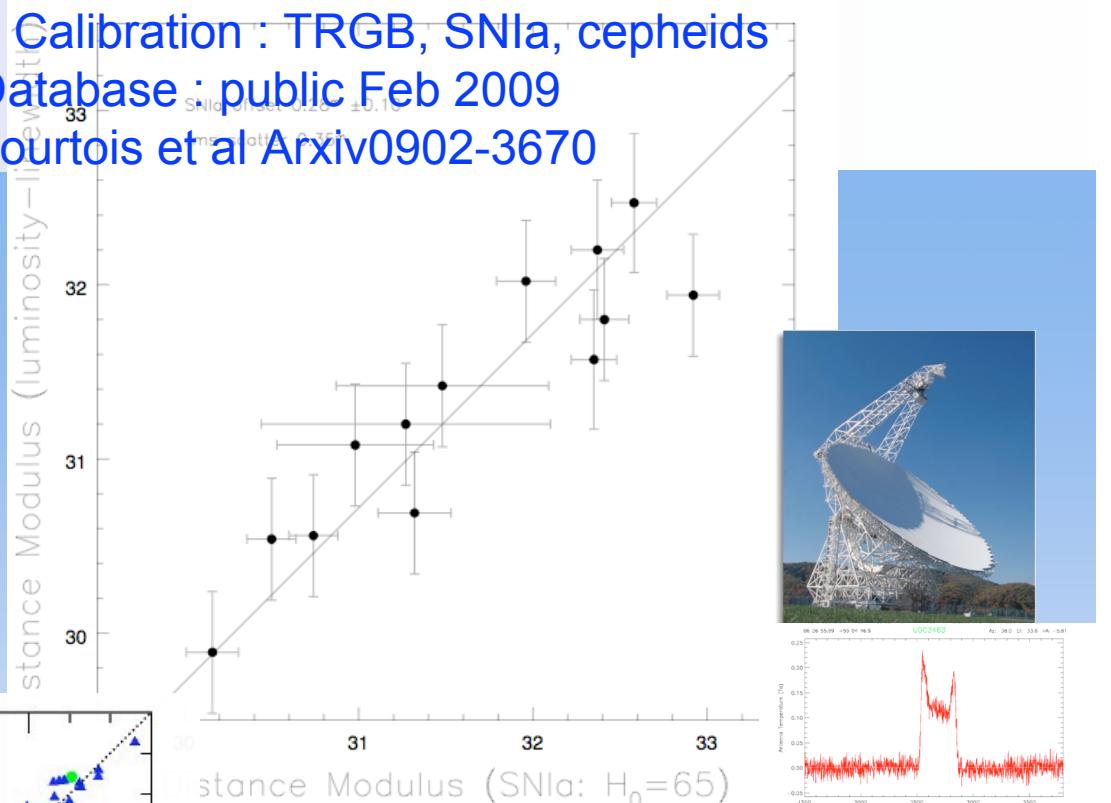
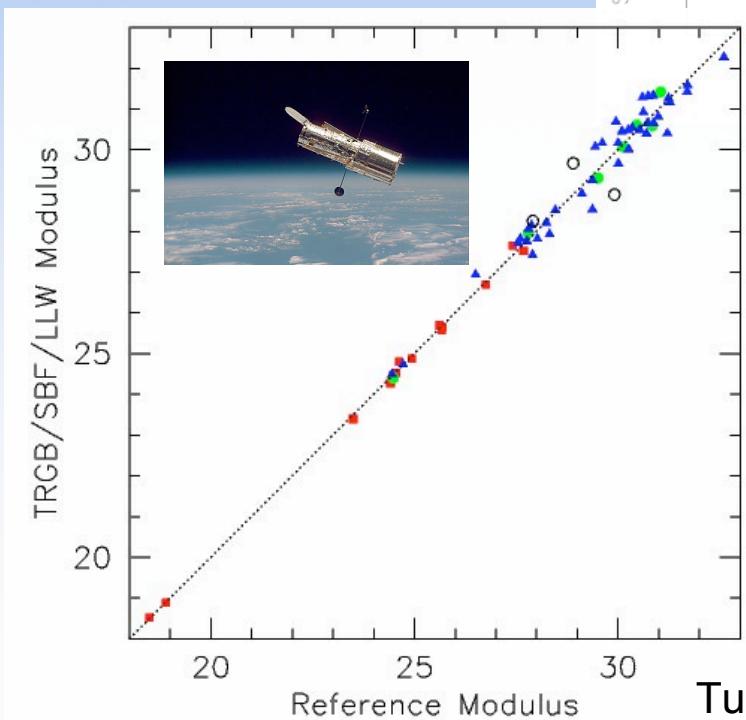
LCDM , quintessence ?



Dark Fluid, ordinary matter?

- Numerical Simulations from CMB Initial conditions are very advanced --> constrained on the local universe. Advanced analysis and visualisation techniques on their way ....
- Spooky, or simple, or elegant theories are available : dark fluid scalar field (mimics gravitation, expansion, DM, dark energy : all in one energy description ), back reaction from inhomogeneities (Kolb)
- Observational Needs : 4D data peculiar motions == distances ( $V_{\text{obs}} = V_{\text{grav}} + V_{\text{exp}}$  ;  $V_{\text{exp}} = H_0 \times d$ )  
**Nearby 10Mpc :** cepheids, TRGB  
**Further 300Mpc :** SNIa , long HI exposures, long NIR exposures for SB, very large coverage of the sky.

HI Data + Surface photometry + Calibration : TRGB, SNIa, cepheids  
 → EDD Extragalactic Distance Database : public Feb 2009  
 → Tully et al. Arxiv0902-3668, Courtois et al Arxiv0902-3670  
<http://edd.ifa.hawaii.edu>



Tully et al. 2008 ApJ 676, 184

# EDD

## Extragalactic Distance Database

**COSFLOS Cosmic Flows**  
<http://edd.ifa.hawaii.edu/>  
<http://ifa.hawaii.edu/~cosmicflows>

Cosmic Flows home

<http://ifa.hawaii.edu/cosmicflows/>



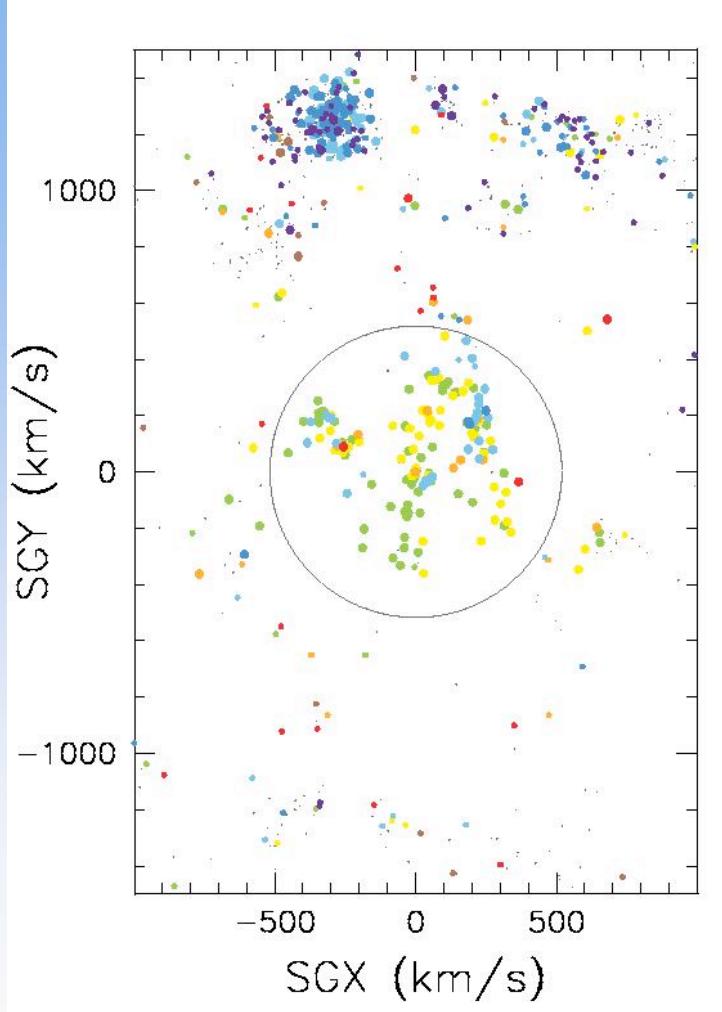
The screenshot shows the GBT08c-010 project page on the Cosmic Flows website. The header features the project name "COSMIC FLOWS" and "GBT08c-010". Below the header, there's a banner with three portraits of team members and a background of a colorful filamentary cosmic web. The main content area includes:

- Project: GBT08c-010**  
484 hours awarded  
Project start date:  
Semester 08C
- Team Members:**
  - Hélène Courtois, Université Lyon 1
  - R. Brent Tully, UH Institute for Astronomy
  - J. Richard Fisher, National Radio Astronomy Observatory
  - Nicolas Bonhomme, Université Lyon 1
- Project Description:**

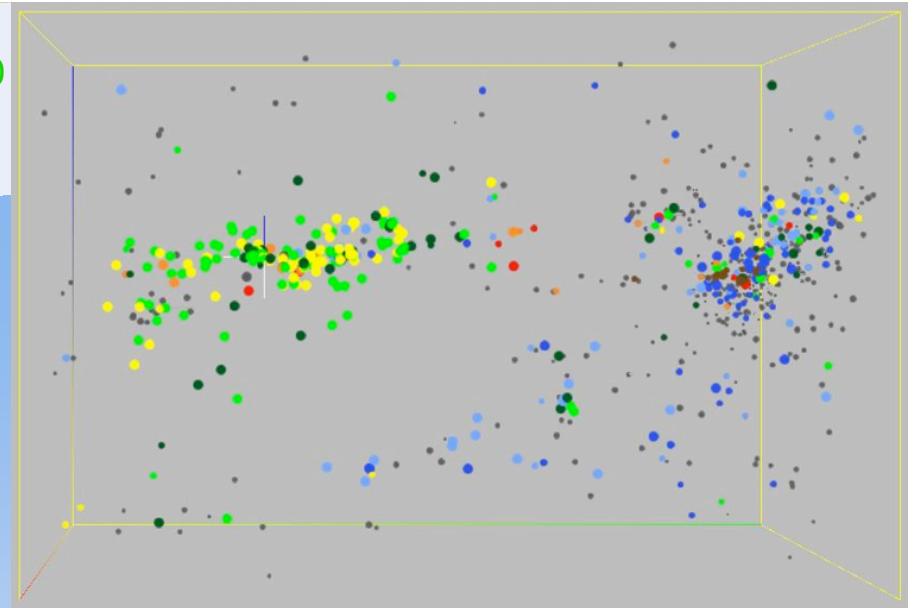
Galaxies acquire motions that deviate from the universal expansion through gravitational interactions on a wide range of scales. The radial component of these deviant motions can be mapped with accurate measurements of distances. One of a variety of ways to measure distances makes use of the correlation between the luminosities of galaxies and their rotation rates. With appropriate photometric and spectroscopic information, the method can be applied to a majority of spiral galaxies. Samples of many thousands of galaxies can be acquired, giving the dense spatial coverage required to study the streams and eddies in the Cosmic Flow.
- Photometry**:

Photometry to measure the luminosities of galaxies has been carried out at optical bands with telescopes at Mauna Kea Observatory and a tremendous advance is about to be realized with the implementation of digital all-sky surveys, foremost with Pan-STARRS in Hawai'i. Information about galaxy rotation rates is derived from observations of global 21cm Hydrogen line profiles. Data are accumulated at a variety of telescopes to assure full sky coverage but foremost in importance for the project is the Robert C. Byrd Green Bank Telescope because of its sensitivity and access to most of the sky.
- Publications**
  - "Our Peculiar Motion away from the Local Void"  
RB Tully, E.J. Shaya, ID Karachentsev, HM Courtois, DD Kocevski, L Rizzi, A Peel  
2008, ApJ, 676, 184
  - "Distances in the Local Universe:  
New HI and I Band Surveys"  
HM Courtois, RB Tully, JR Fisher  
2007, BAAS, 38, 330
  - "Derivation of Distances with the Tully-Fisher Relation:  
The Antlia Cluster"
- Images and Links**
  - The Local Universe**: An oval map of the sky showing the distribution of galaxies.
  - A typical target**: Includes "-HI line profile", "-surface brightness profile", and "-mask and ellipse fit".
  - Measuring distances**: Includes "-5 cluster template", "-zero point calibration", and "-consistency".
  - Preliminary results**: Includes "-Local Void".
  -  **Robert C. Byrd Green Bank Telescope**

Pole-on to Supergalactic plane



green/yellow  $V_{\text{pec}} \sim 0$   
red  $V_{\text{pec}} > +100$   
blue  $V_{\text{pec}} < -100$

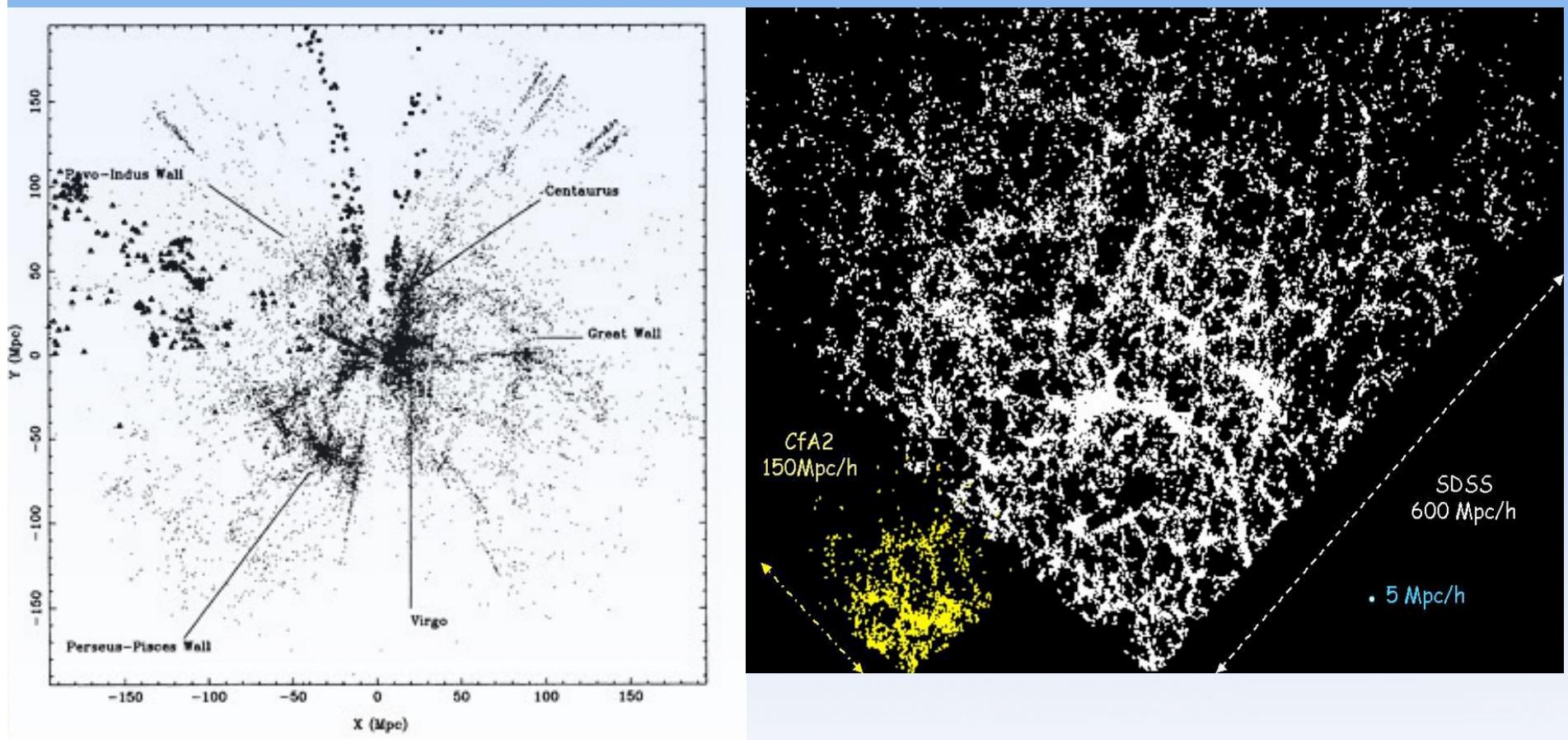


Edge-on to Supergalactic plane

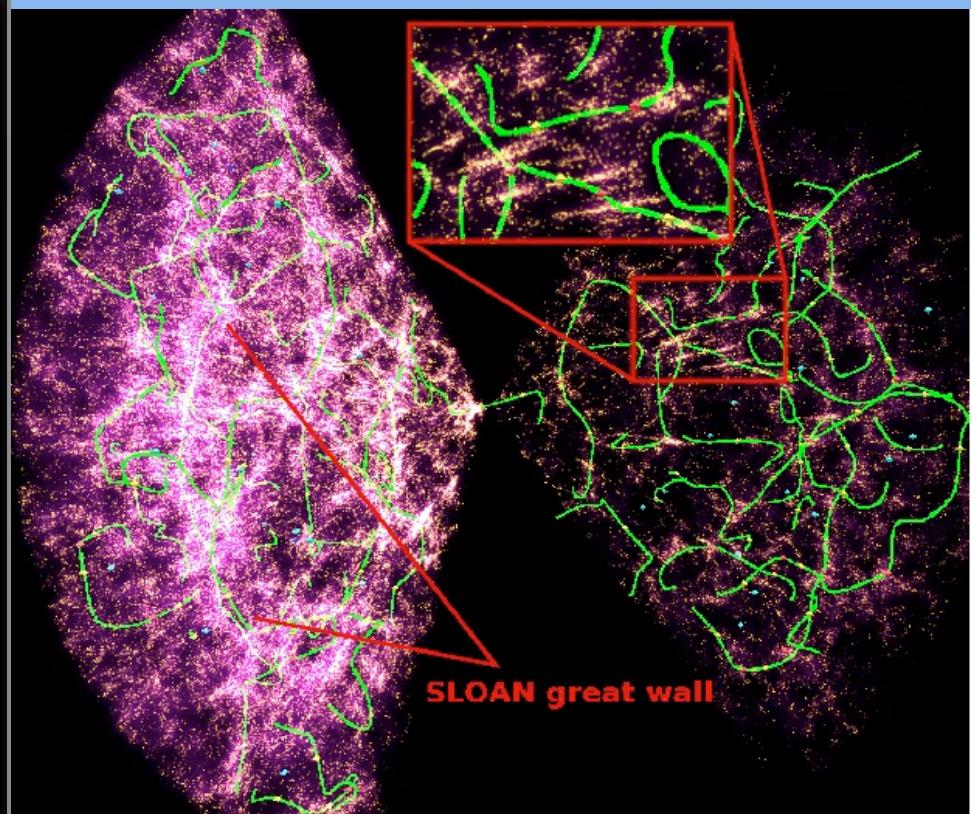
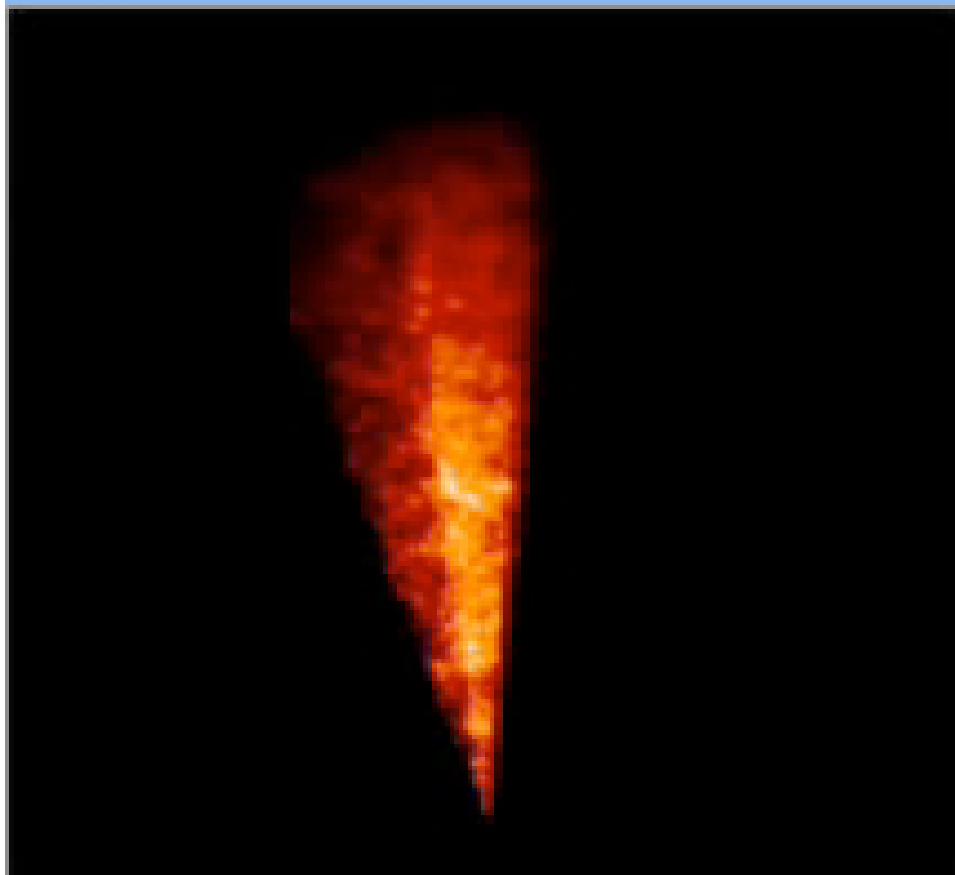
- co-moving motion of the Local Group w.r.t. 159 galaxies at  $1.1 < d < 7$  Mpc is 9 km/s    **negligible!!**
- velocity dispersion about the local expansion of groups and galaxies outside of groups is  $\sim 40$  km/s within the Local Sheet  
(Karachentsev et al. 2003, AA, 398, 479)    **cold flow!!**

We are traveling with the Local Sheet as a unit  
The Local Sheet is a wall bounding the Local Void

# Galaxy structures : evolution of observations in 15 years 94-2009 : FLAIR (UKST), 2DF, SDSS : multifibers

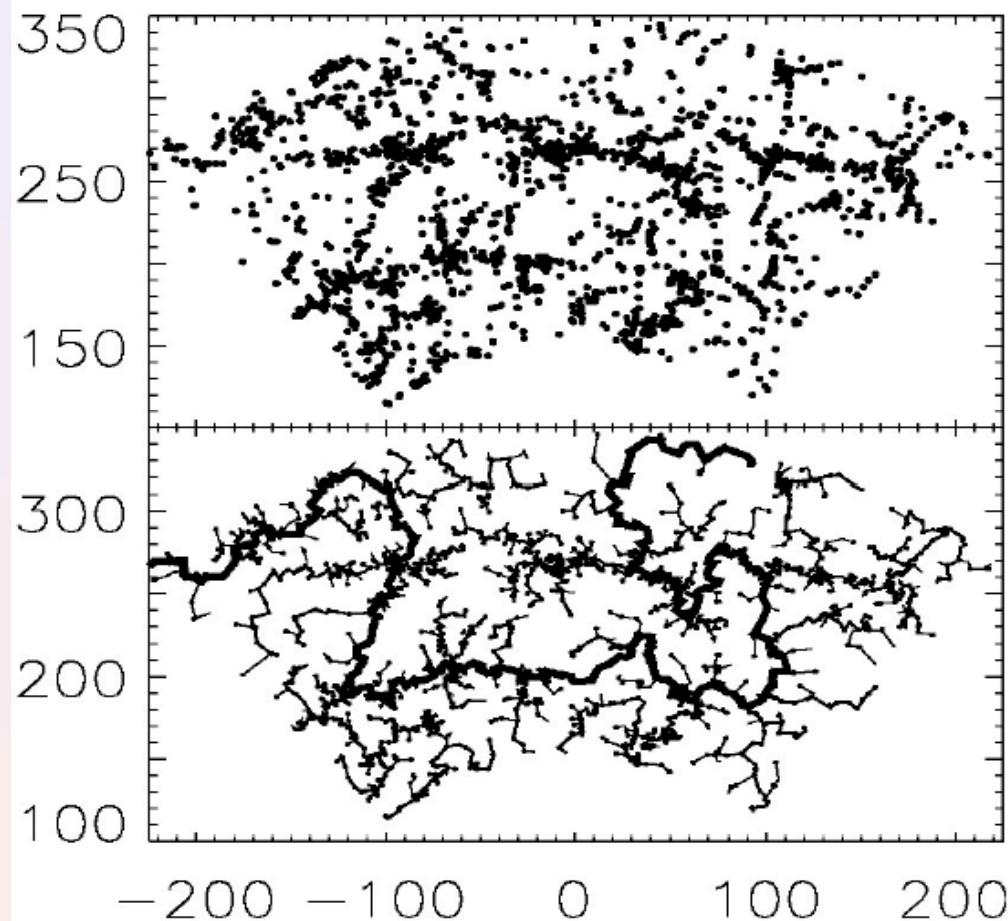


# Galaxy structures : evolution of observations in 15 years 94-2009 : FLAIR (UKST), 2DF, SDSS : multifibers



## Context : other Methods

### Minimal spanning tree



Doroshkevich, A. G. et al.  
2001, mnras, 322, 369

#### Cons

- Non local
- No analytic predictions possible
- Definition of a filament ?
- Discreteness

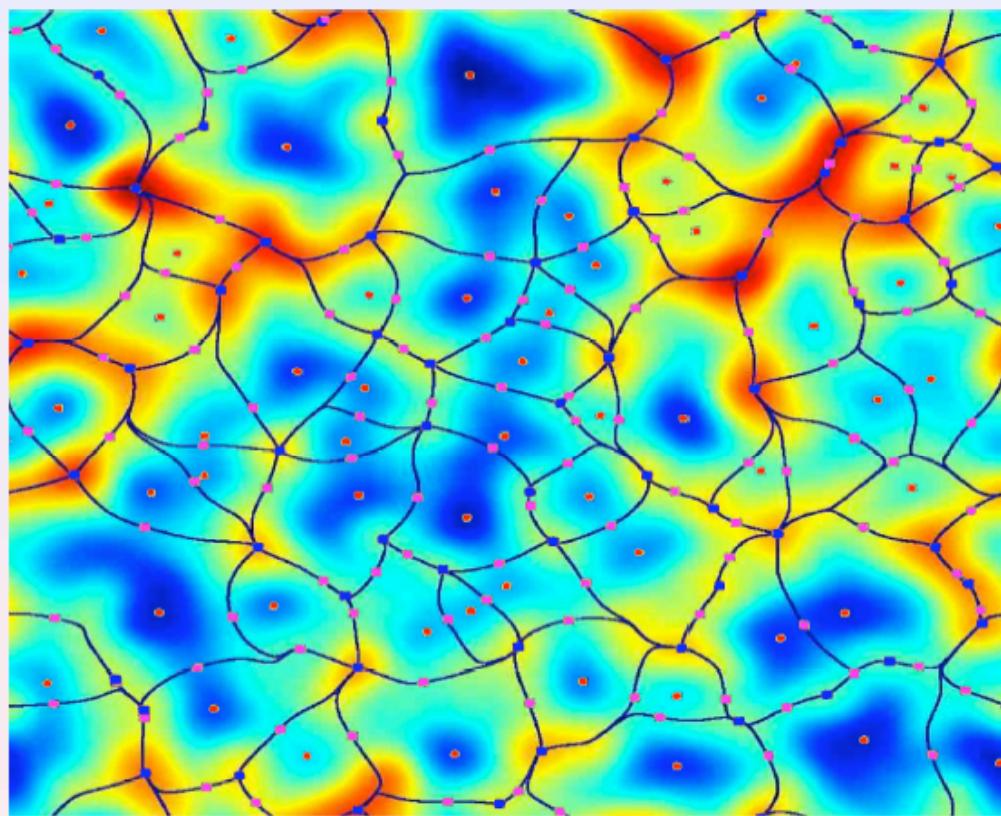
also Adhesion model (Burgess)...

# The Skeleton: Definition

from Morse Theory

≡ critical lines from max to saddle  $\cong$  "crest lines"

$$\dot{\mathbf{r}} = \nabla \rho$$

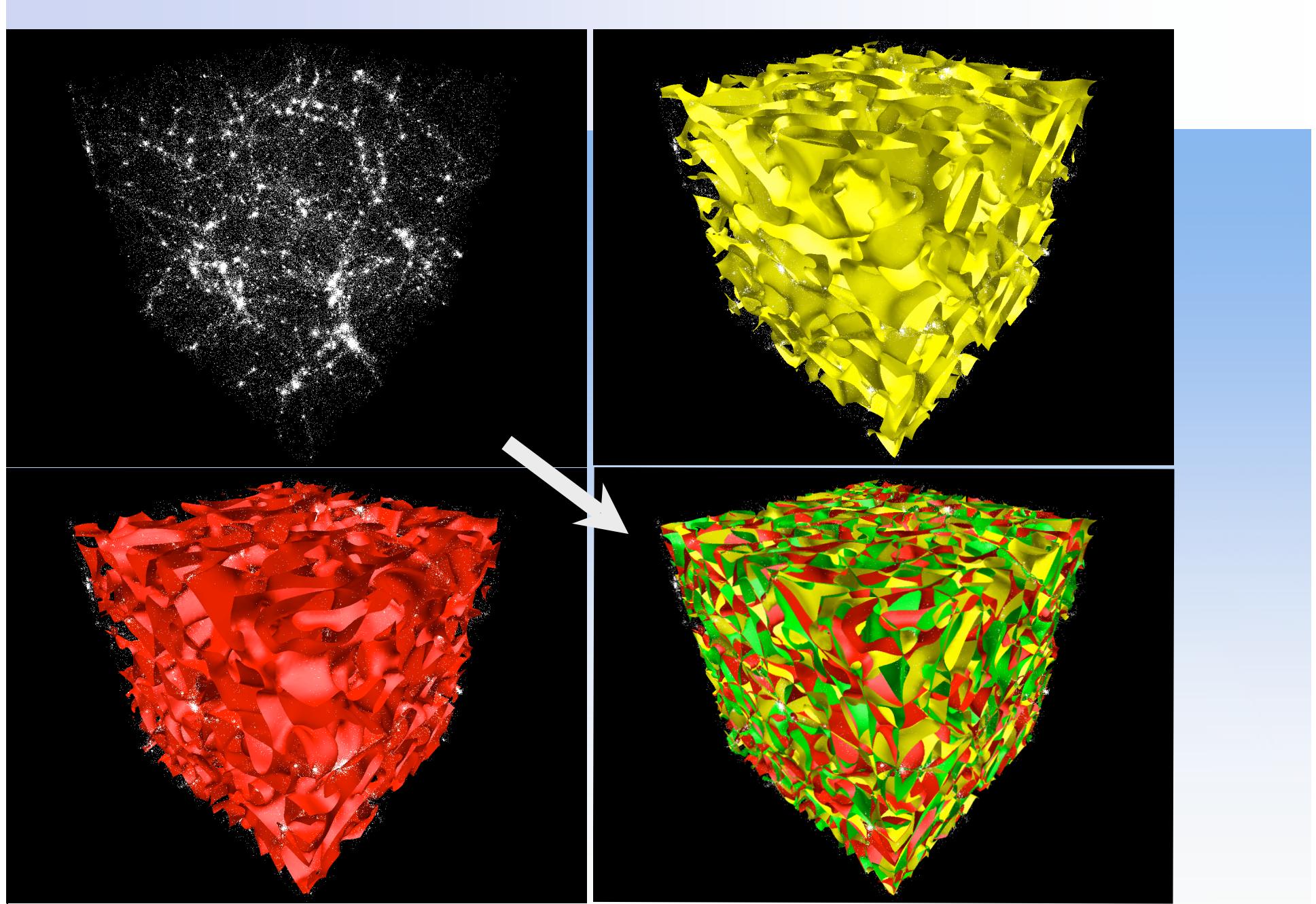


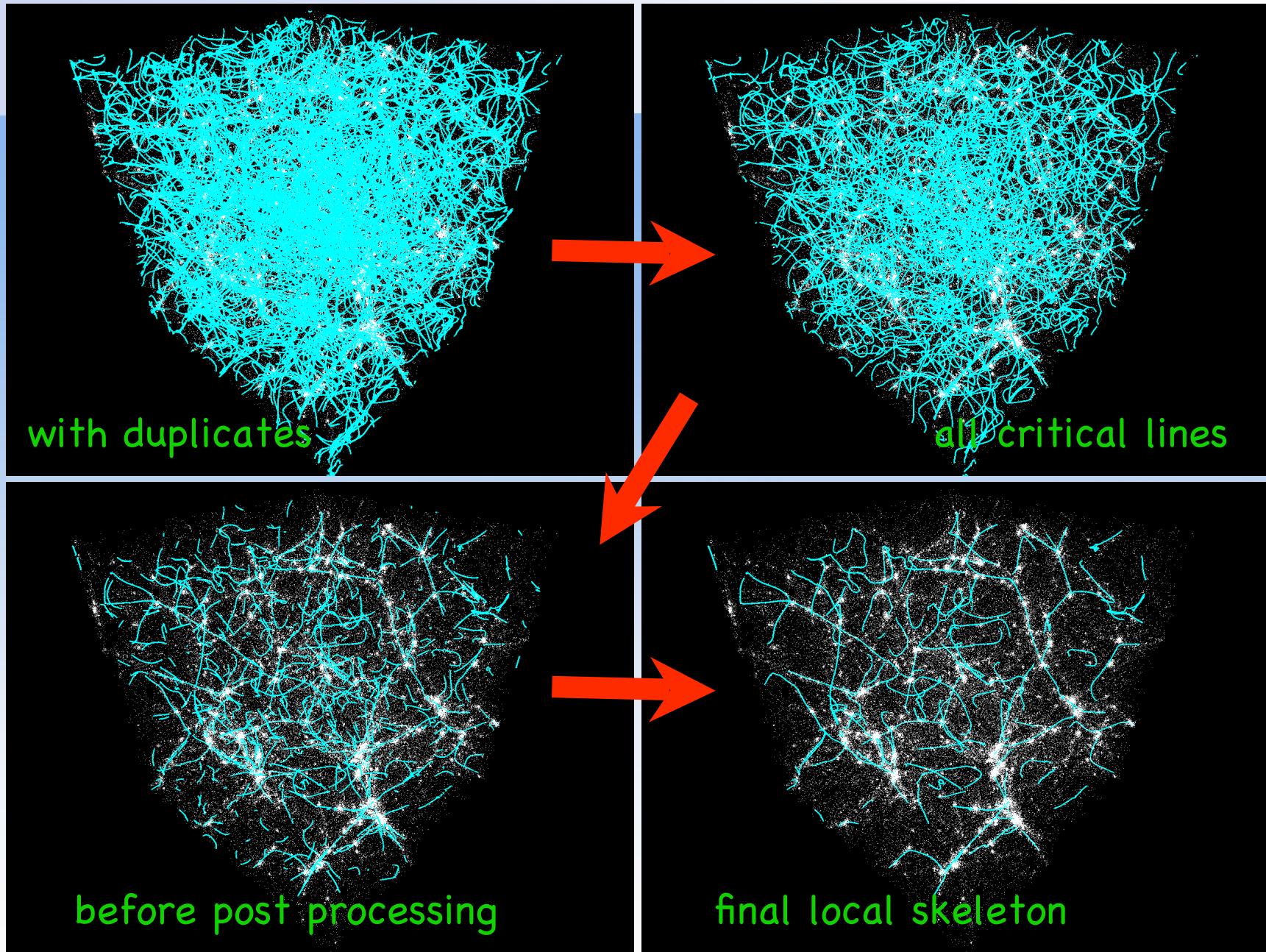
Novikov & al., 2006, MNRAS

## Method

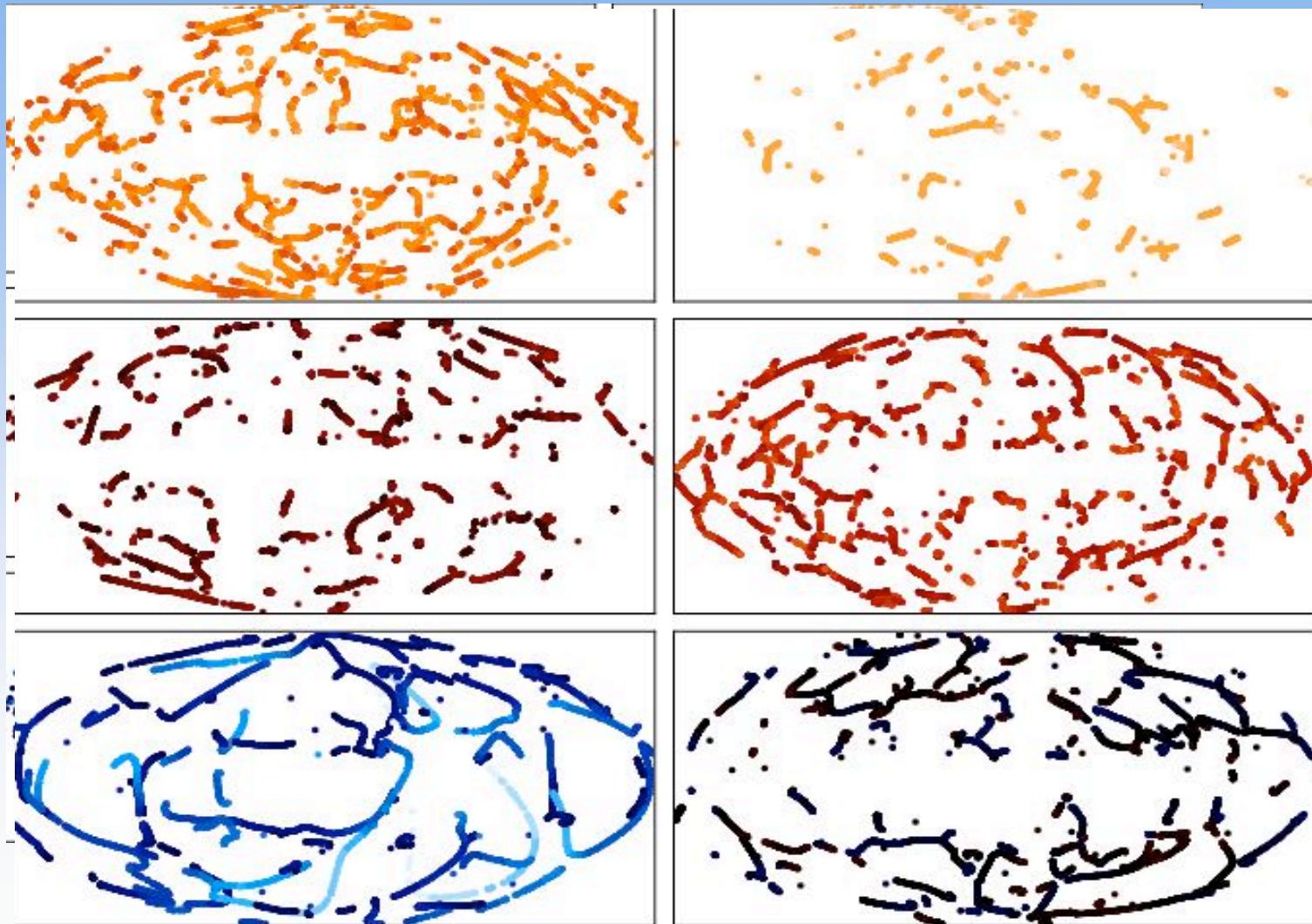
- From a density field
- Compute extrema
- Start from saddle points and follow gradient up to the maxima

In practice  
noise & selection fctn

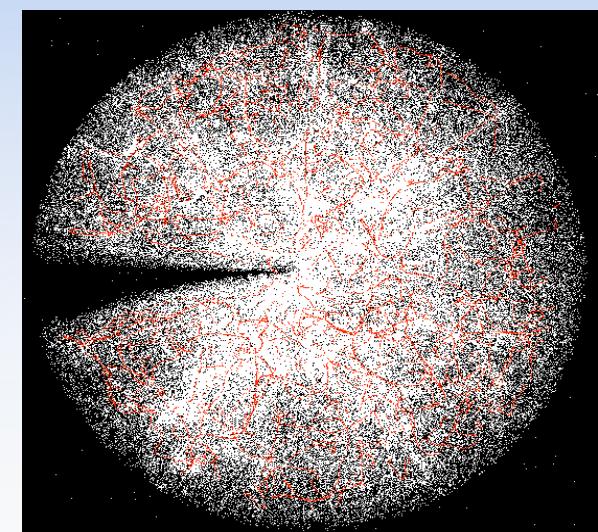
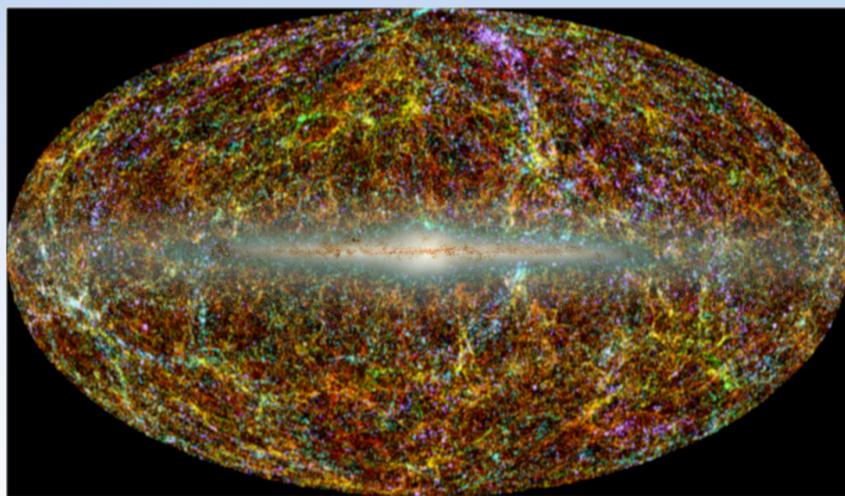
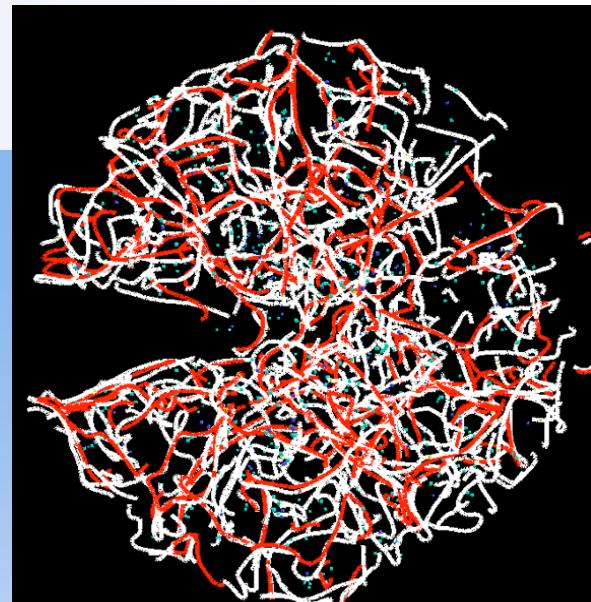
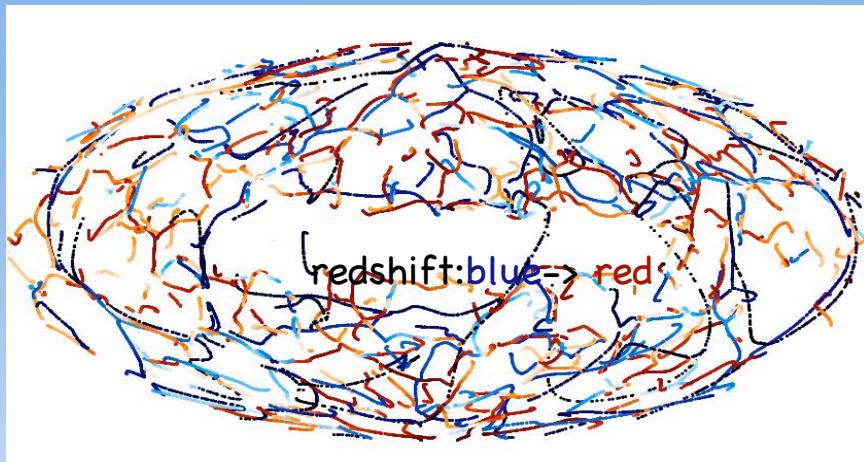




## Skeleton redshift evolution with 2MASS XSCz (Jarrett)



2MASS XSCz skeleton



2MASS XSCz data

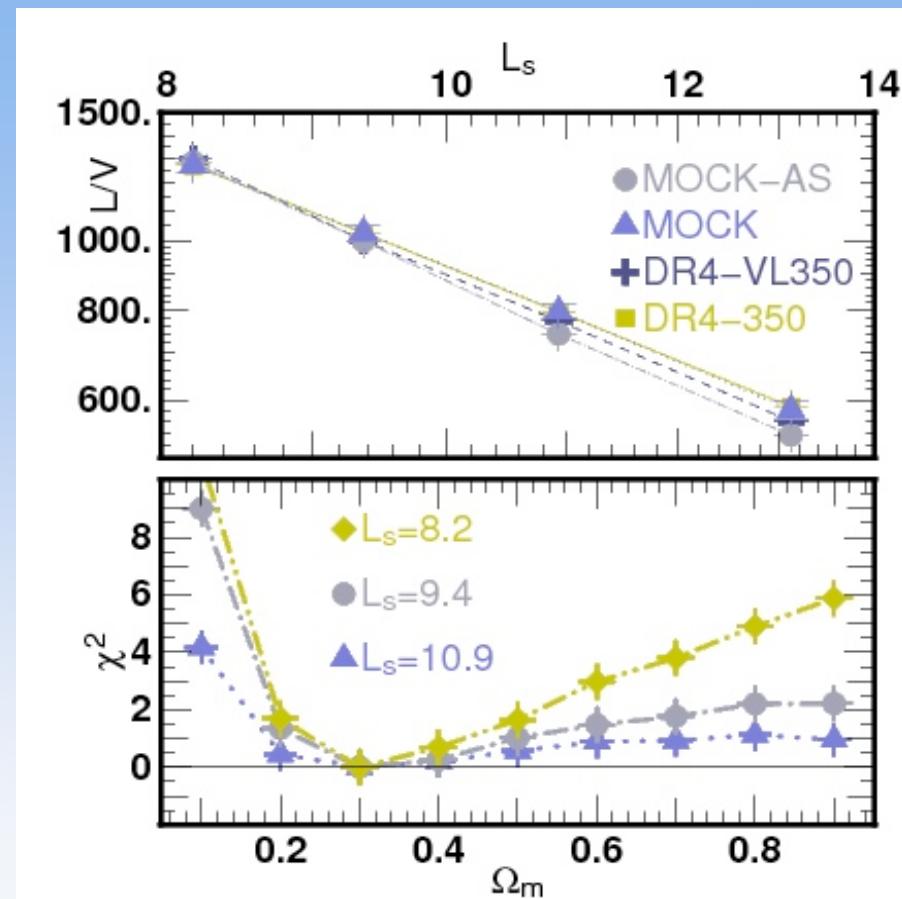
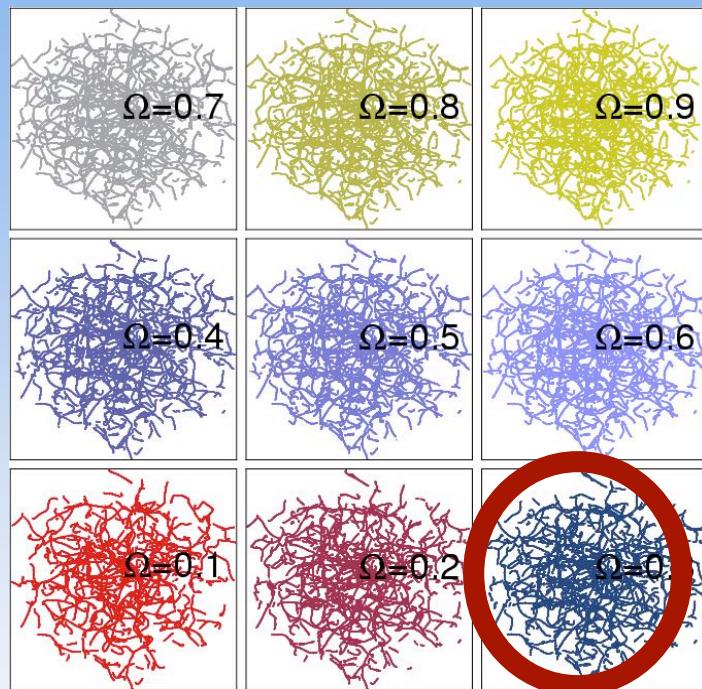


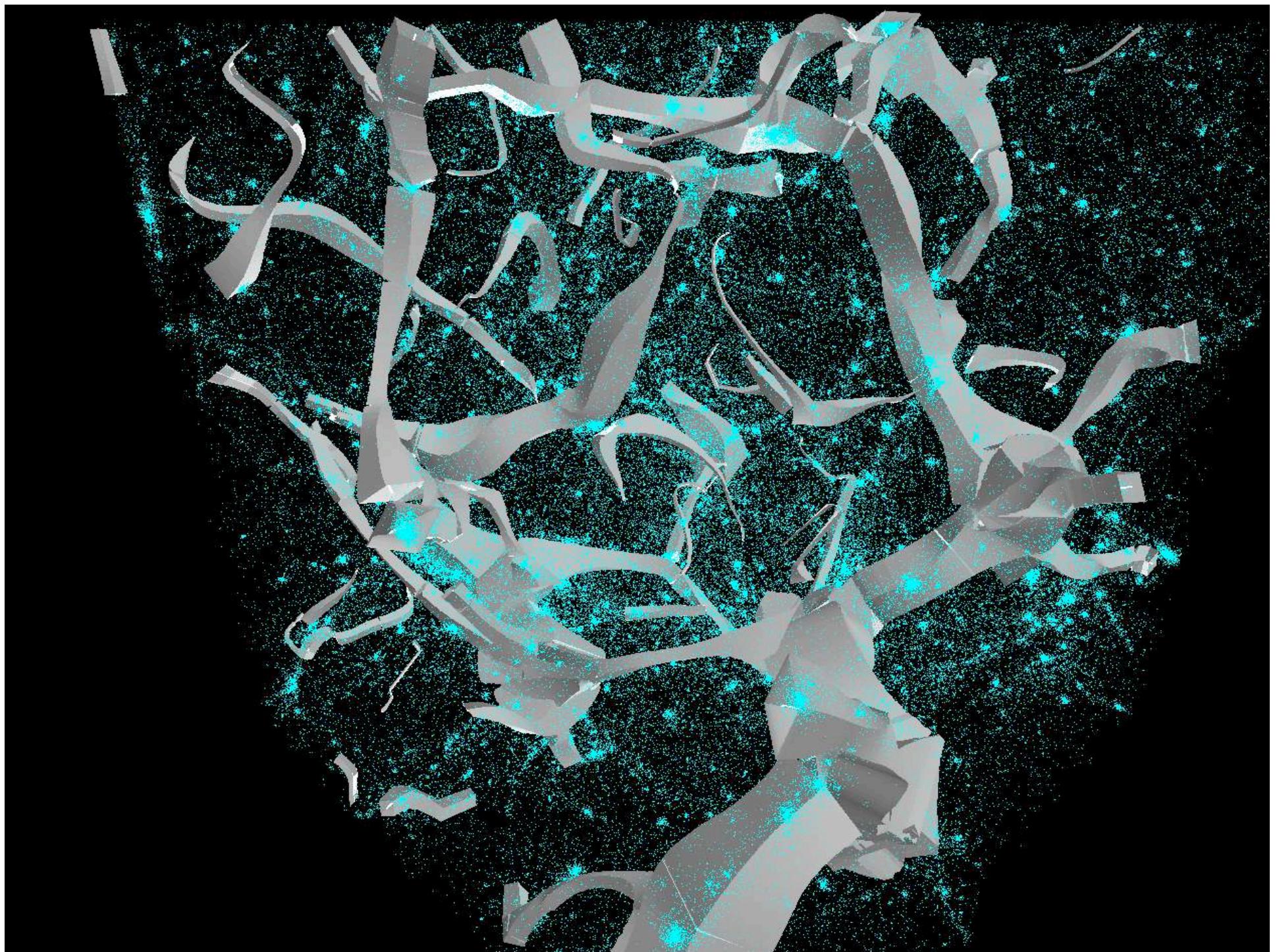
$$V_{\text{obs}} = V_{\text{expansion}} + V_{\text{masses}}$$

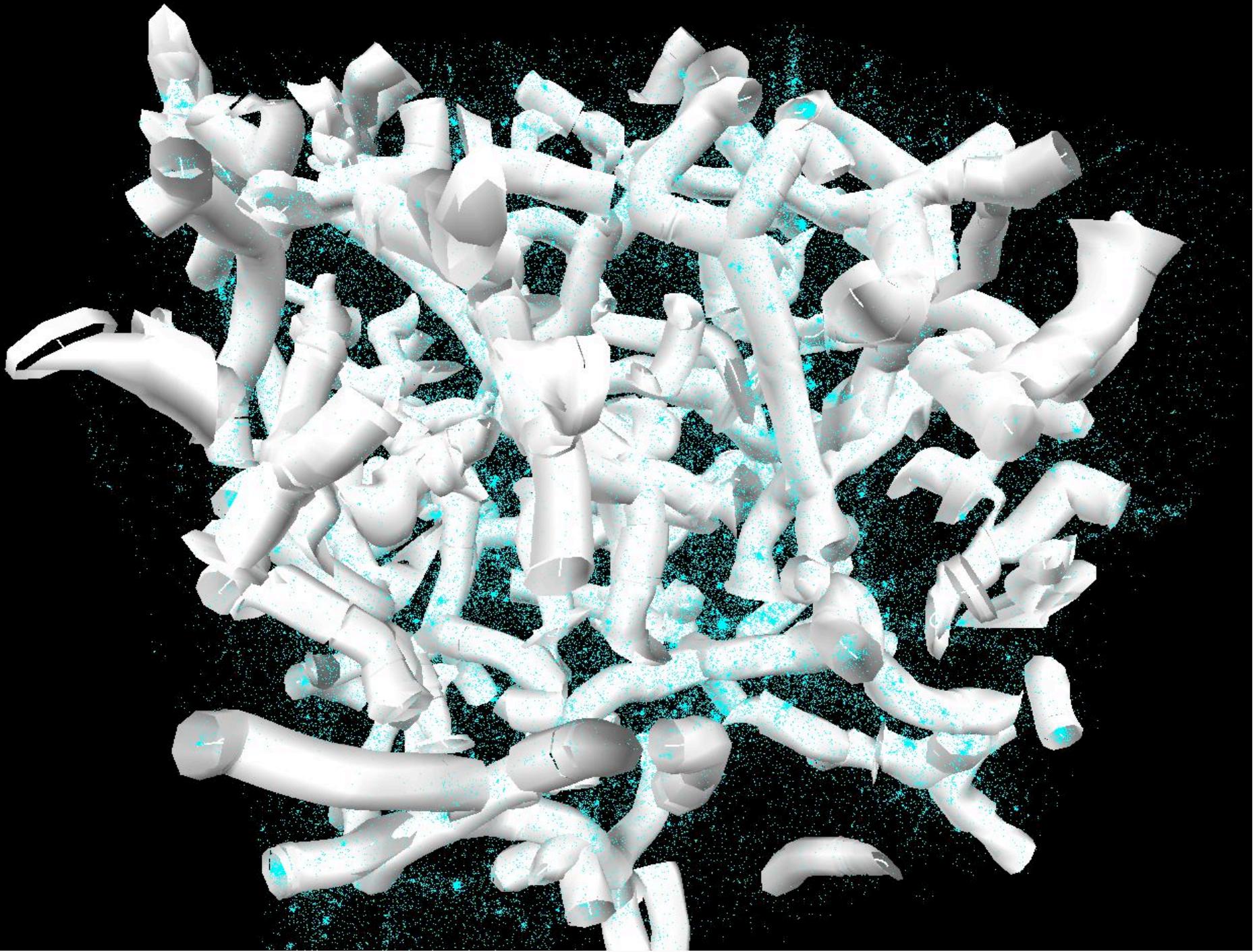
$$V_{\text{expansion}} = H \times d$$

The peculiar velocities of the filaments could be driving the evolution of the structures, the galaxies external evolution, the star formation history...

## Skeleton of observed galaxy structures vs simulated galaxy structures.

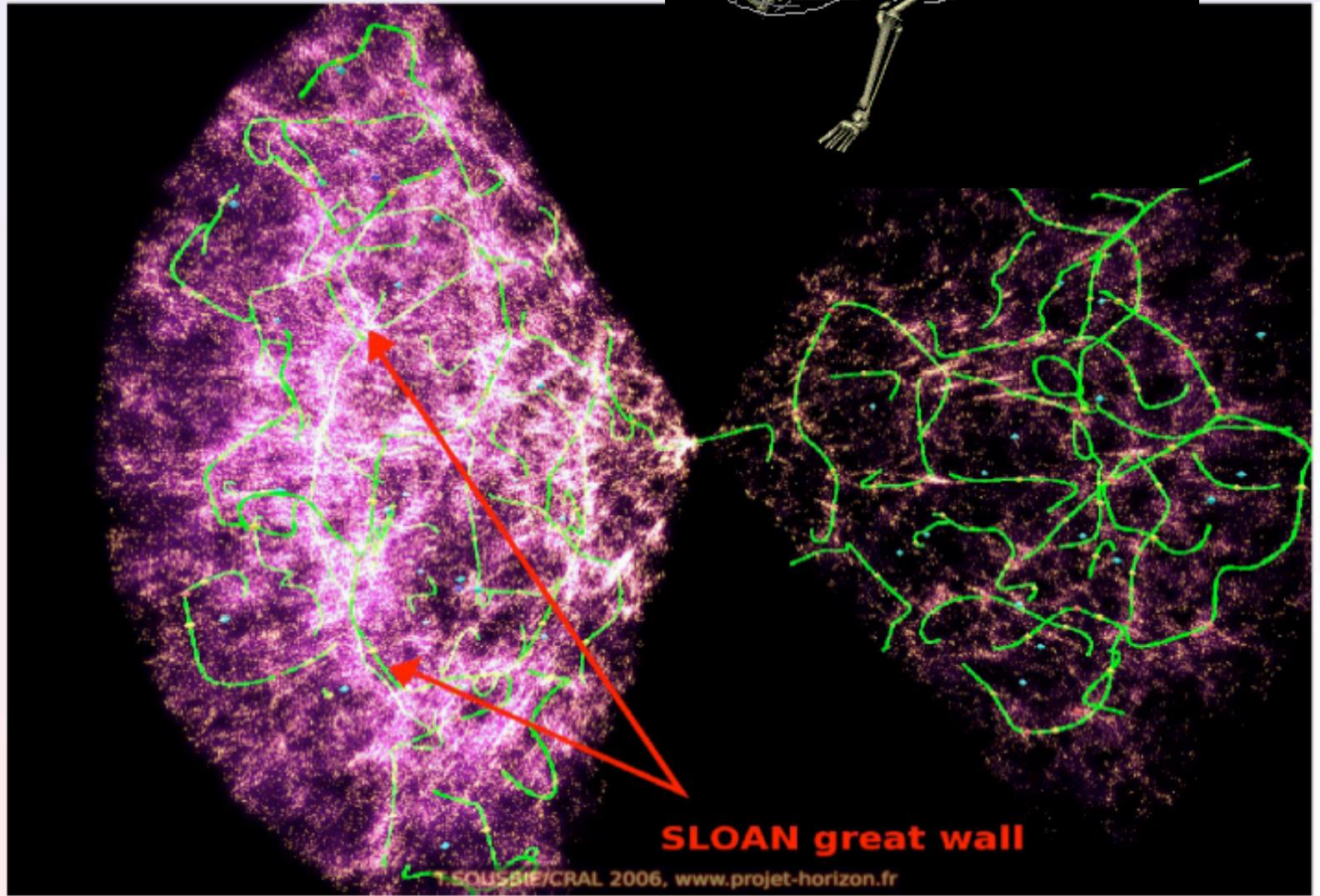
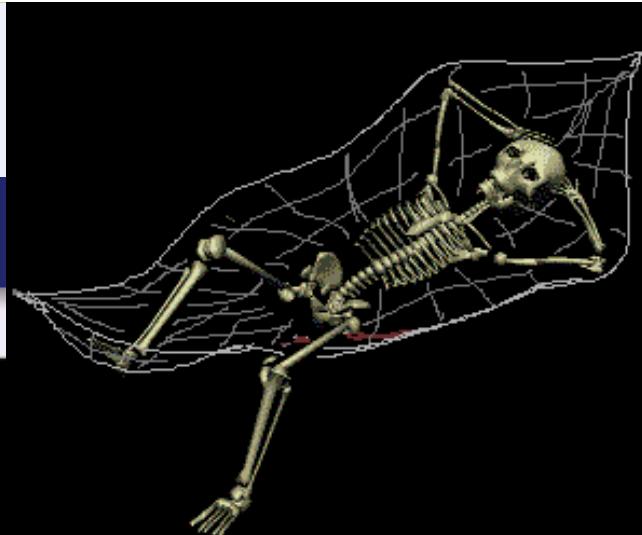


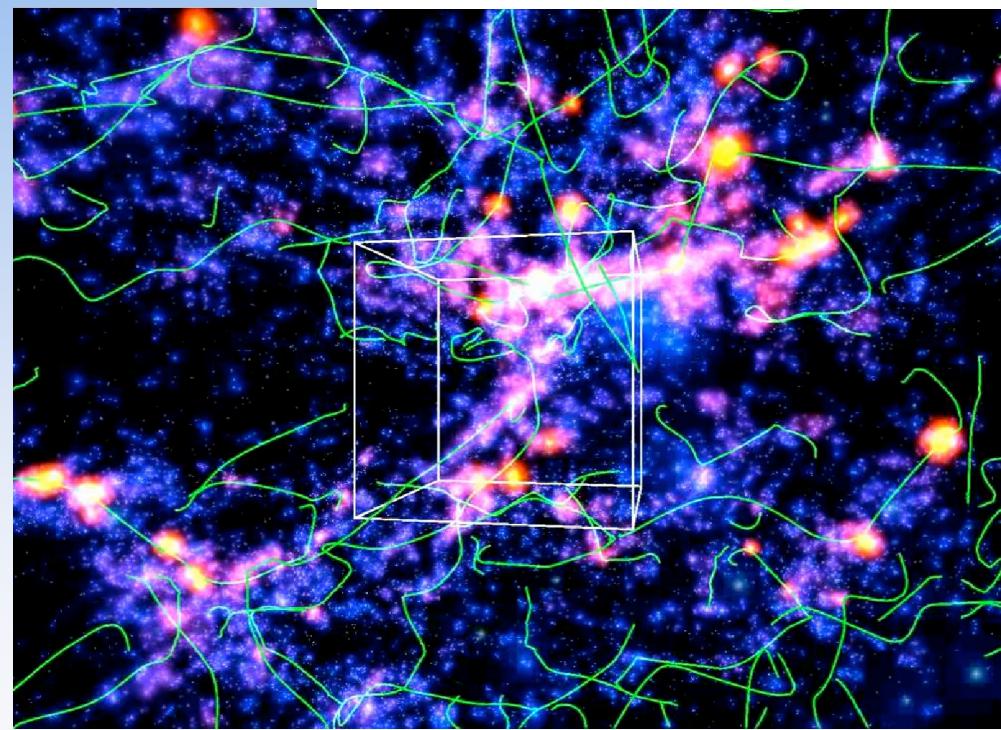
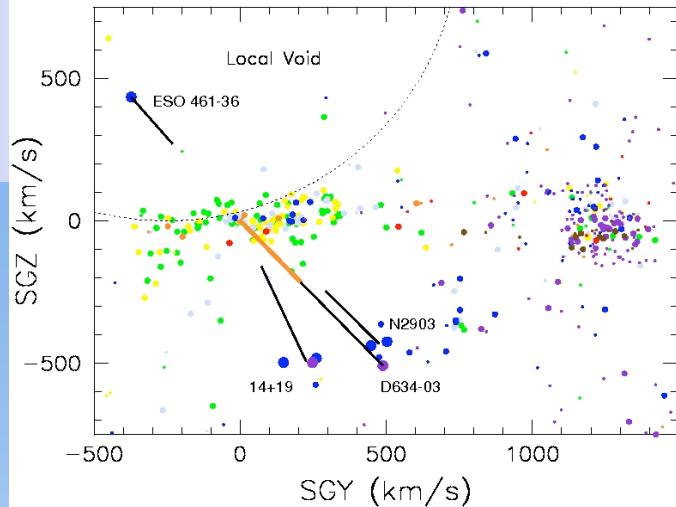




SDSS DR4

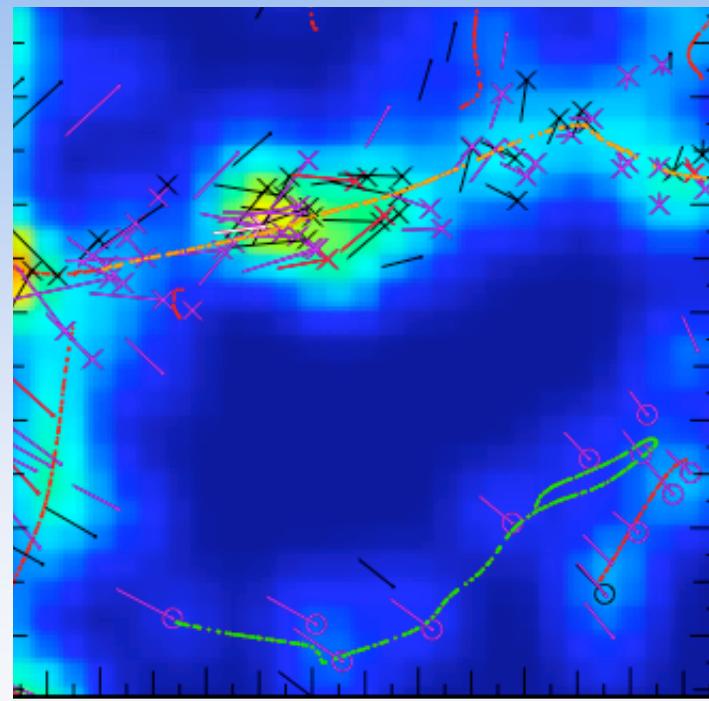
# Skeleton of the SDSS





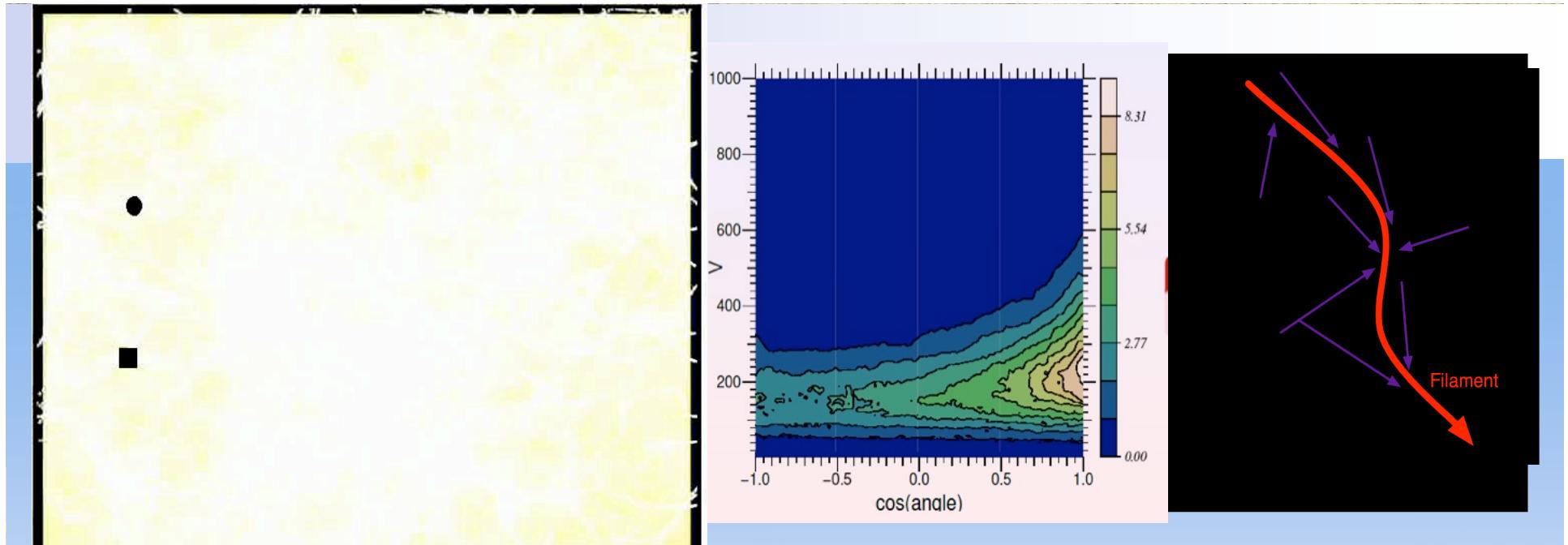
Observed local universe and its skeleton

Tully, Courtois et al. 2008 ApJ 676, 184

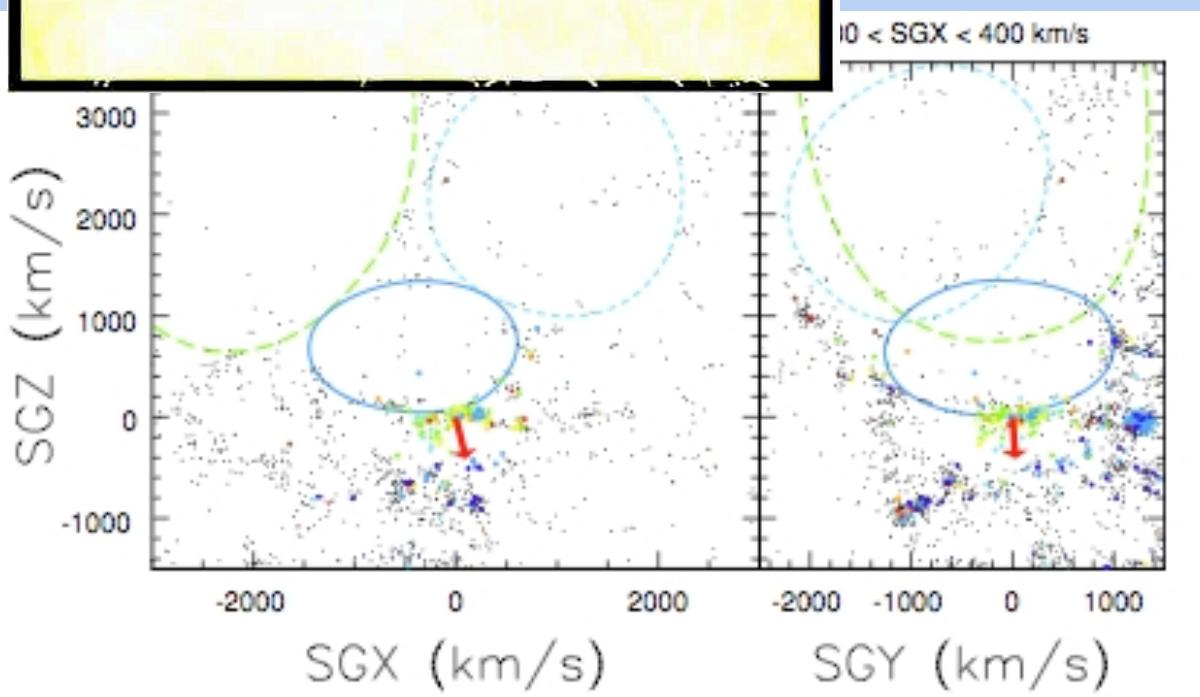


Simulated local universe and peculiar velocities

Sousbie, Courtois et al. 2009

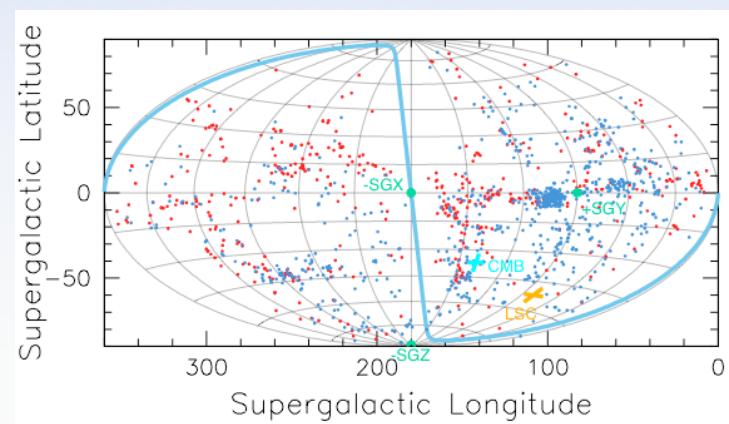
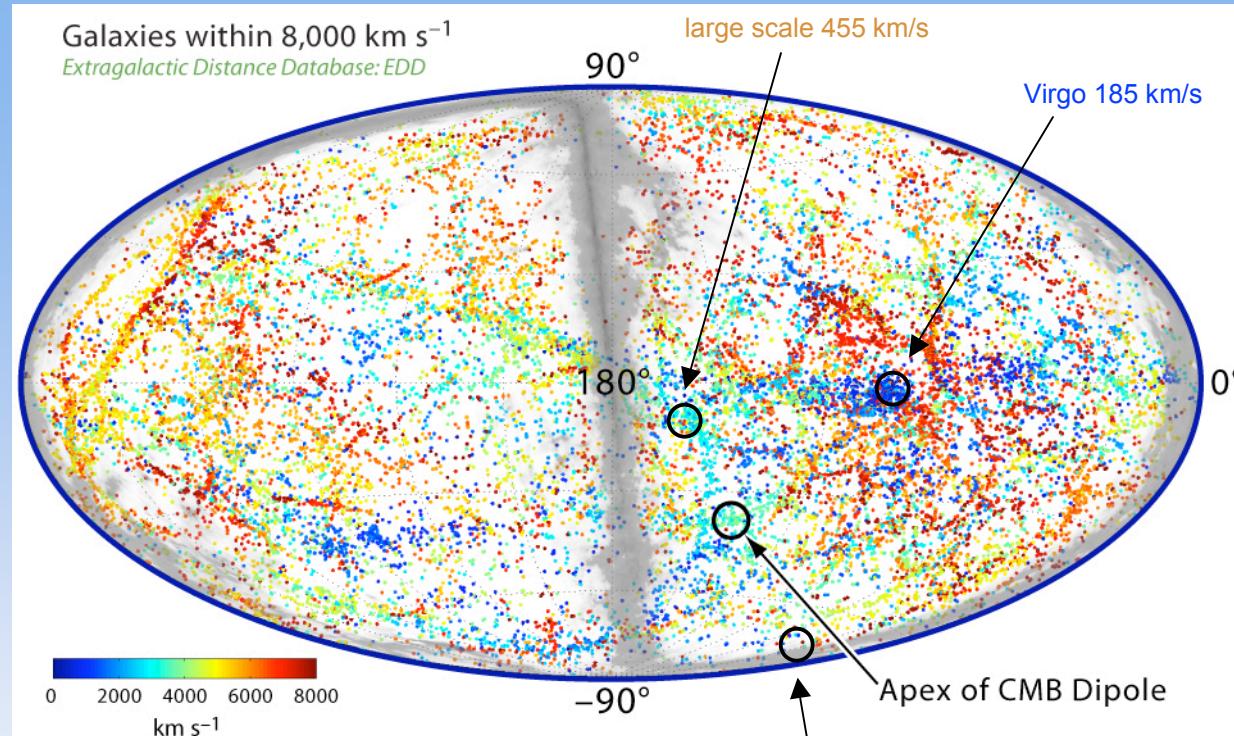


Sousbie et al. 2008, ApJ 672, 1

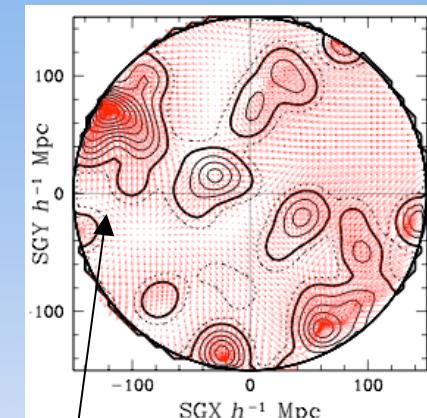
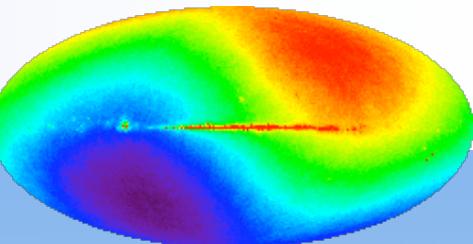


Tully et al. 2008 ApJ 676, 184

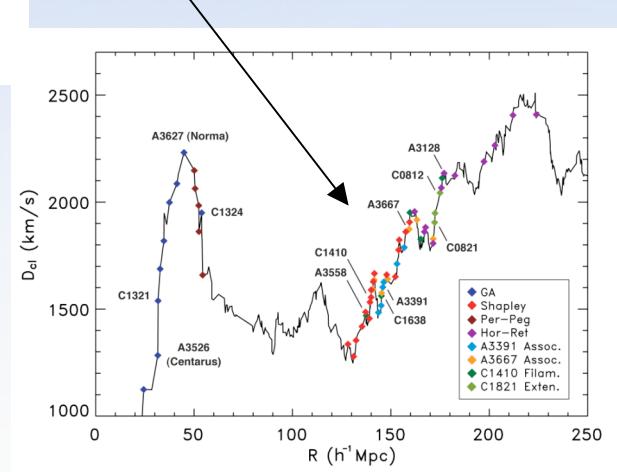
# Where is the Local Sheet going?



void reflex 259 km/s

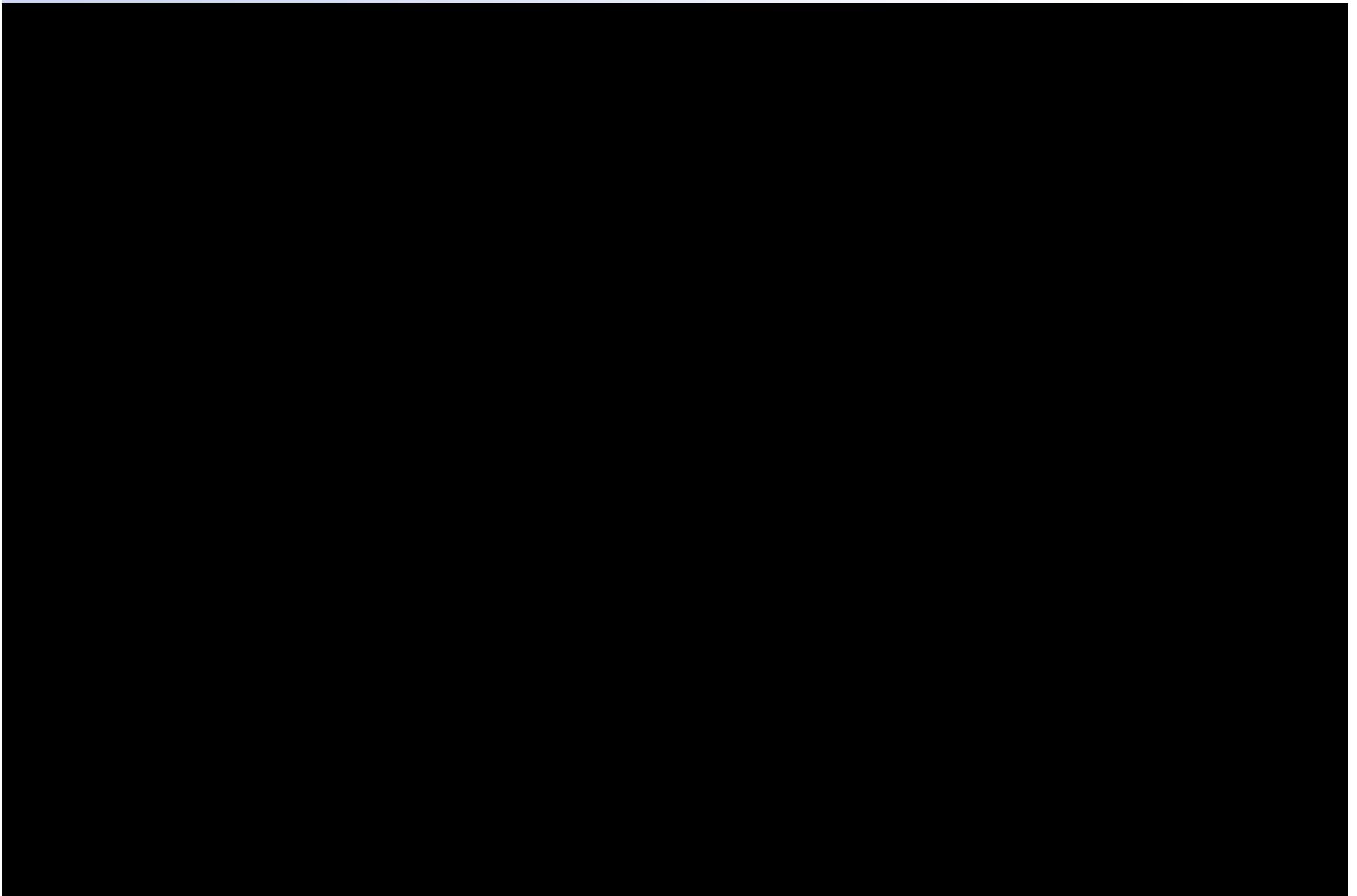


attractors on large scales



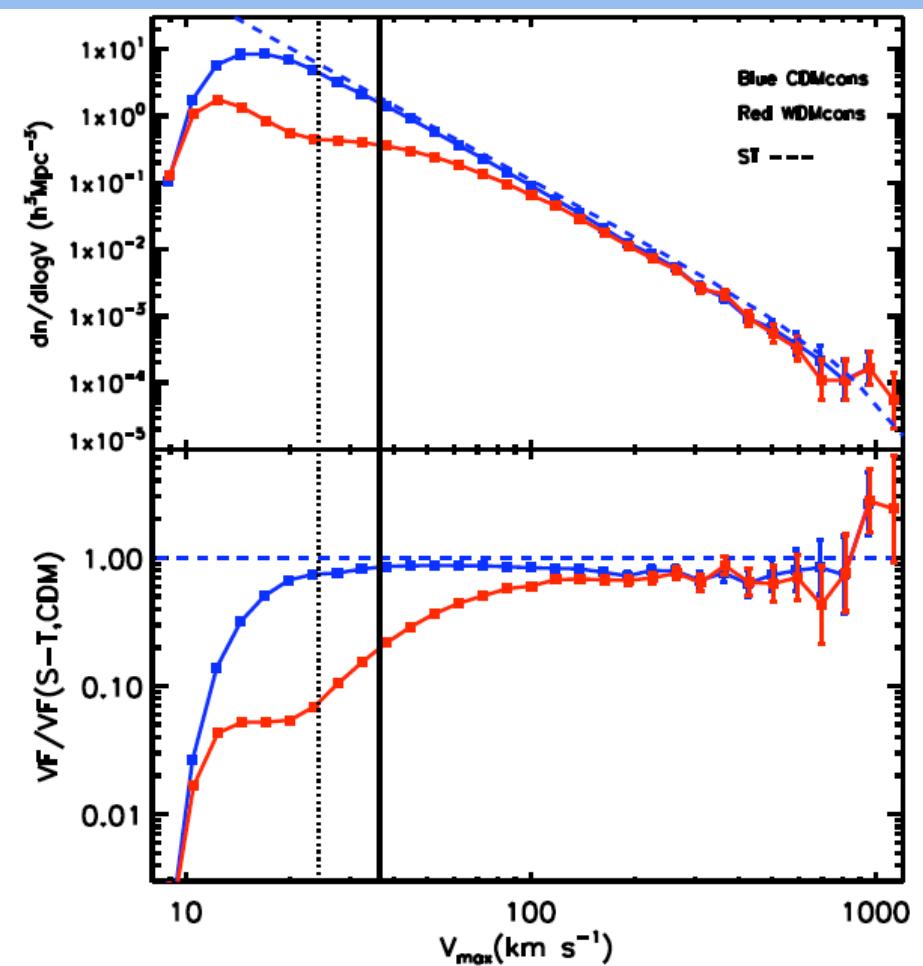
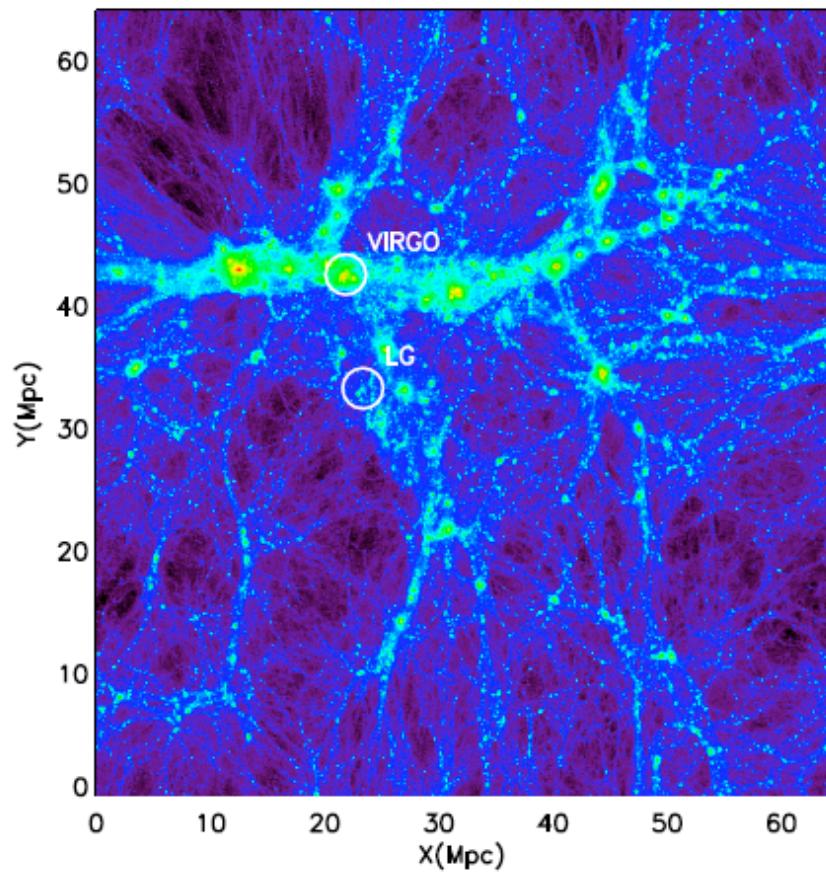
Kocevski & Ebeling 2006, ApJ, 645, 1043

# Cosmic Flows: status 2008



# CDM simulations, constrained on the local universe

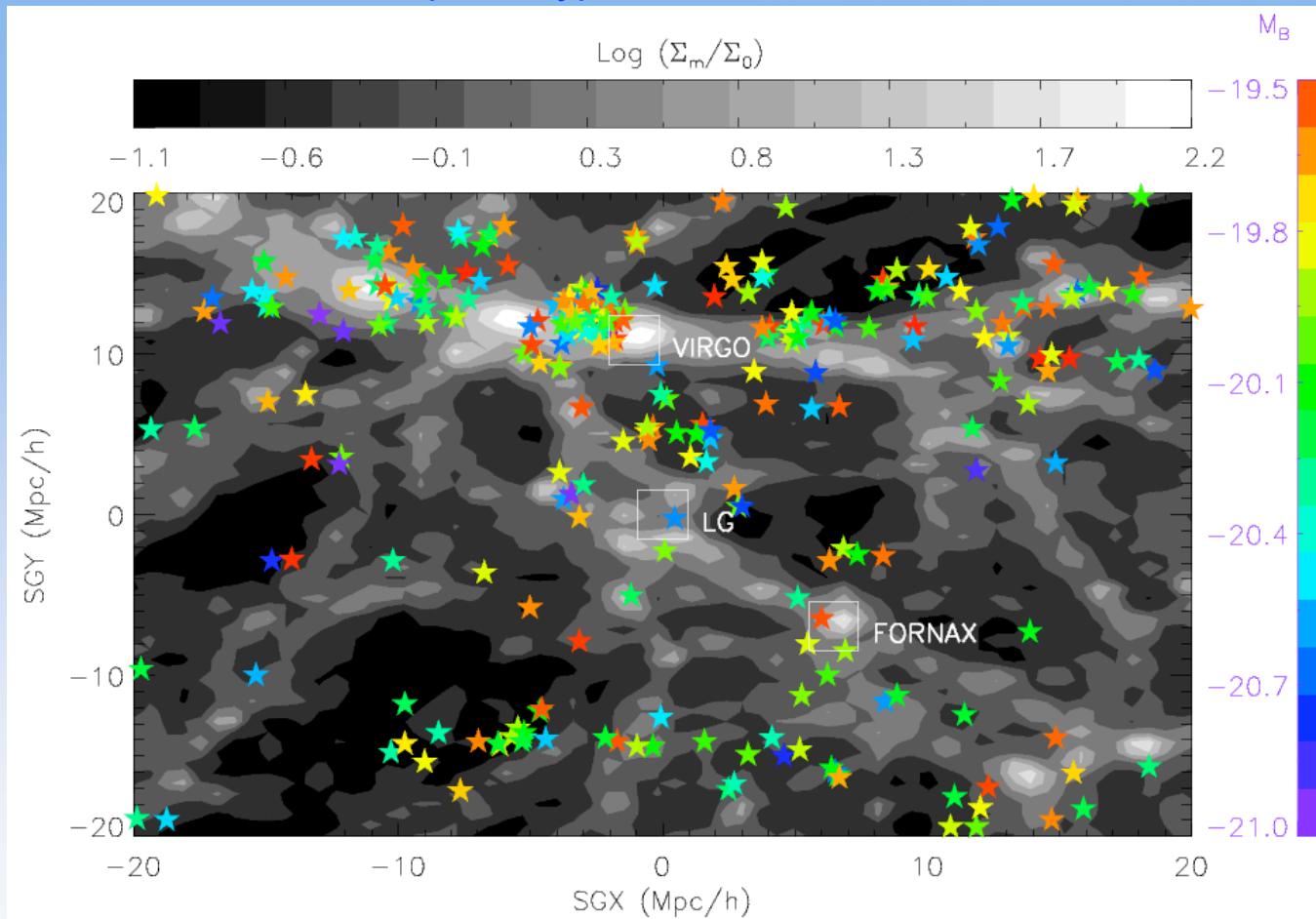
Zavalla et al. 2009-arxiv0906-0585



# Local cosmic flows in the Local Universe with Tully et al. 2008 observational catalog

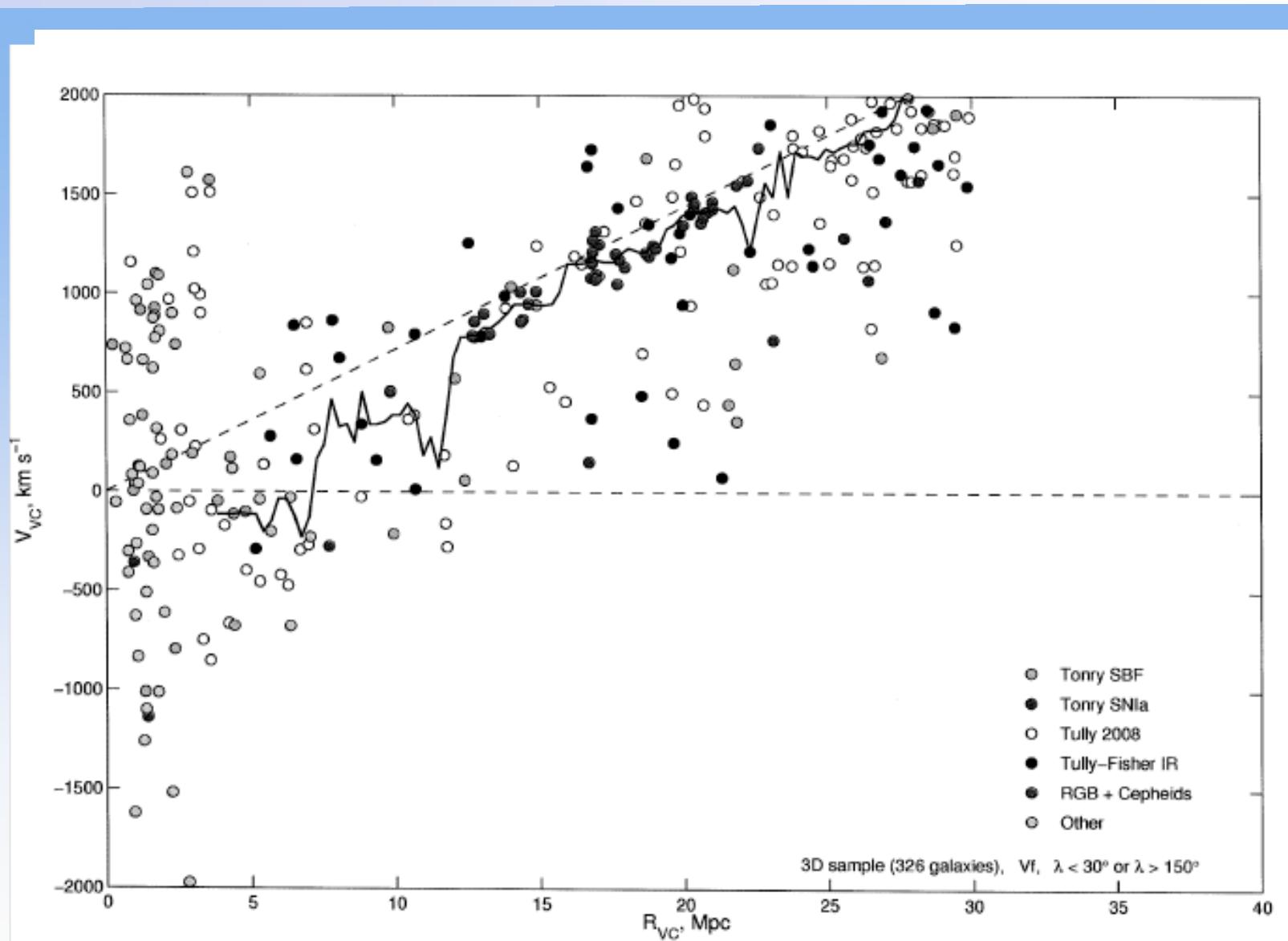
credits : Antonio Cuesta 2009

Simulations : Gottloeber, Yepes, Klypin, Hauffman 2009



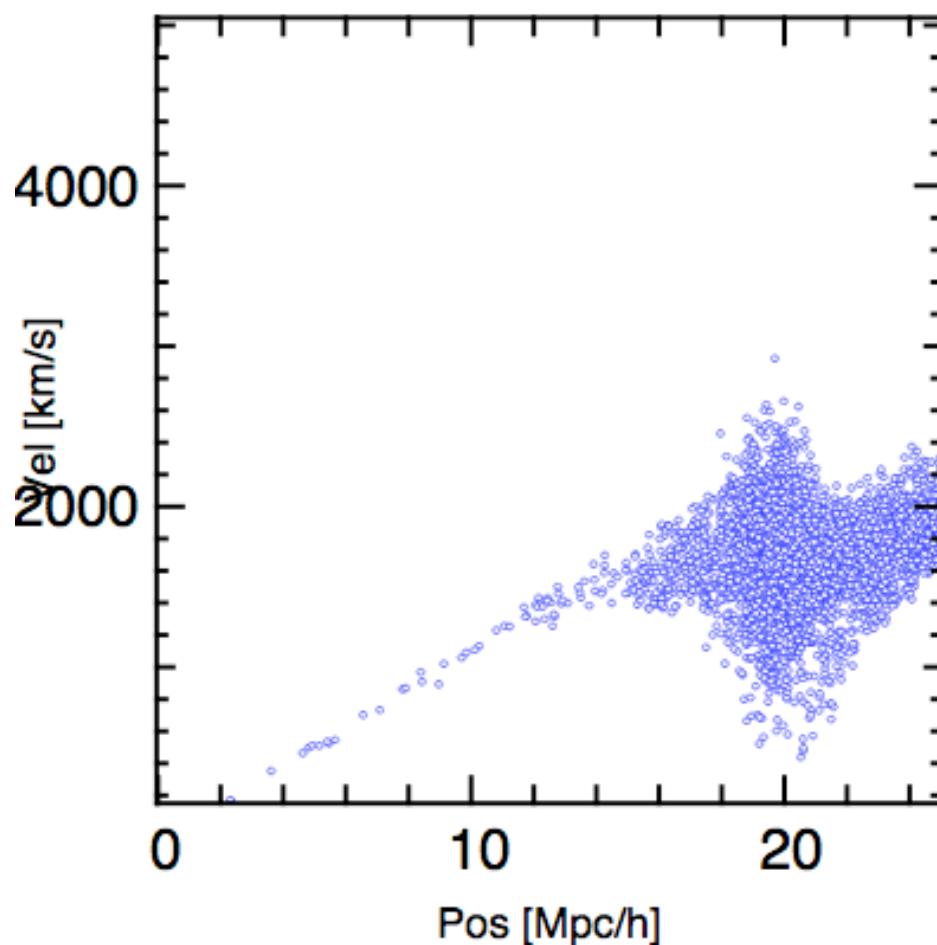
Slice of BOX64CR-WMAP5 projected from  $-5 \text{ Mpc}/h < \text{SGZ} < +5 \text{ Mpc}/h$ , shown as contours of surface density in black & white. On the top of it, Tully's et al 2008 catalog of the Local Universe is shown as stars, color-coded according to their B-band absolute magnitude.

## Local cosmic flows around Virgo : Karachentsev, Courtois, Tully 2009

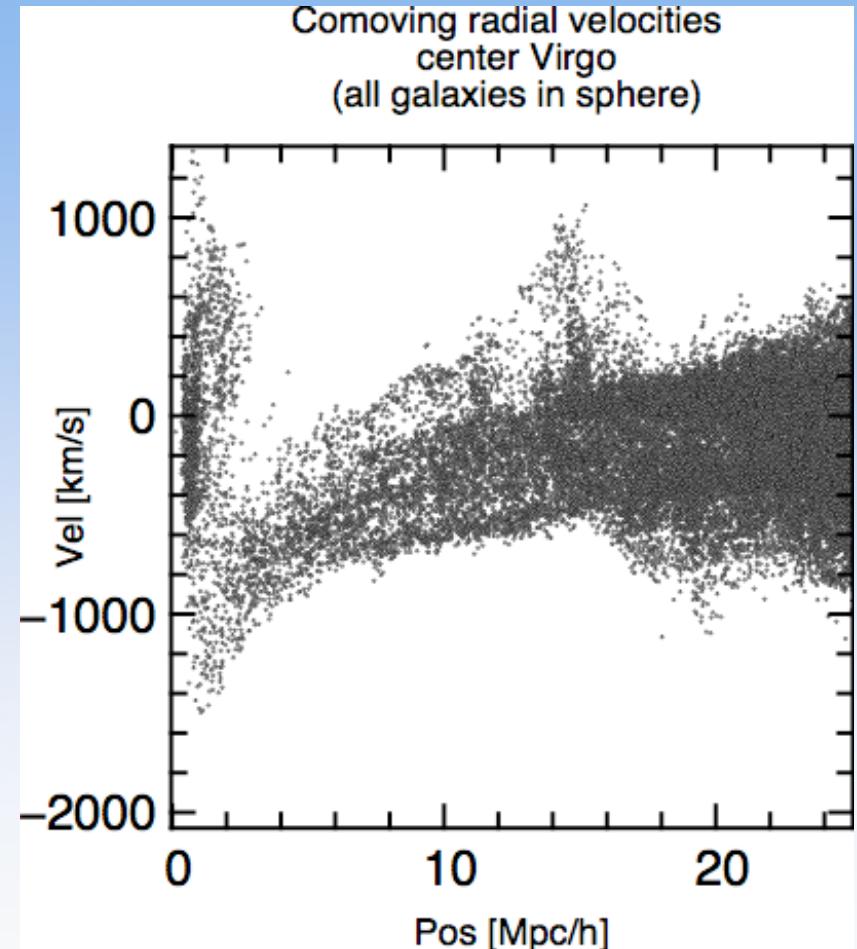


Local cosmic flows around Virgo : Forero, Karachentsev, Courtois 2009  
Simulations : Gottloeber, Yepes, Klypin, Hauffman 2009

Comoving radial velocities + Hubble Flow  
center MW  
(opening angle 30 deg)



Comoving radial velocities  
center Virgo  
(all galaxies in sphere)



## **COSFLOS** Cosmic Flows

<http://edd.ifa.hawaii.edu/>

<http://ifa.hawaii.edu/~cosmicflows>

Programs currently in progress : at GBT (large program status 800 hours), Parkes, Mauna Kea, HST

- Supernovae Ia (84) - completed
- Clusters (14) about 500 galaxies - 98% completed
- Zero point calibrators about 35 (Cepheids/TRGB) - completed
- Optical selected sample at 3,000km/s: 1,500 galaxies (HI completed, I band)
- Near IR selected sample at 6,000km/s: 1,500 galaxies (HI 98%, I and K band)

Current Digital archive :

9,000 galaxies from Arecibo, GB140, GB300, Effelsberg, Nancay

+ 3,000 Nancay +2,000 GBT +1,000 ALFALFA +1,000 PARKES

--> 16,000 profiles for 12,500 galaxies

# **COSFLOS** Cosmic Flows + **CLUES** Constrained Local UniversE Simulations

<http://edd.ifa.hawaii.edu/> , <http://ifa.hawaii.edu/~cosmicflows>

+ <http://www.clues-project.org/>

Status analysis : Tully et al. 2008: 1,800 distance measurements

In the local universe: less than 10% errors on distances :

measure a peculiar velocity  $260 \pm 25$  km/s away from the Local Void.

Current analysis 2009-2010: X2 depth, X2 number density grid of distance measurements all sky

Year 2011-2014 : PanSTARRS-SKYMAPPER photometry : error bar/2 on the peculiar velocity

Dwarf Galaxies new distances HST ACS data + new HI surveys Flat Galaxies

The screenshot shows the homepage of the CLUES project. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for AIP, CLUES-Project, People, Simulations, Talks, Articles, Image Gallery, and Movies. Below the navigation bar, there is a banner featuring a galaxy and the text "CLUES Constrained Local Universe Simulations". To the right of the banner are logos for NM STATE and UAM. On the left side of the page, there is a sidebar with links for Sitemap and Imprint. The main content area contains a heading "CLUES - Constrained Local UniversE Simulations" and a paragraph describing the project's goal: "The Local Group and its environment is the most well observed region of the universe. Only in this unique environment can we study structure formation on scales as small as that of very low mass dwarf galaxies. The main goal of the CLUES-project is to provide constrained simulations of the local universe designed to be used as a numerical laboratory of the current paradigm. The simulations will be used for unprecedented analysis of the complex dark matter and gasdynamical processes which govern the formation of galaxies. The predictions of these experiments can be easily compared with the detailed observations of our galactic neighborhood." At the bottom of the page, there are links to the names of the project members: Stefan Gottlöber, Yehuda Hoffman, Anatoly Klypin, and Gustavo Yepes.

Thanks to all the hard work in the collaboration :

Tully, Fisher, Rizzi, Karachentsev, Shaya, Makarov, Bonhomme, Forero,  
Sousbie, Gottloeber, Kraan-Korteweg, Koribalski, et al.

Thanks for your attention !